TOYO UNIVERSITY

Earthquake Survival Manual

For university staff

Japan has many earthquakes.

This Earthquake Survival Manual outlines the steps we should take to prepare for an earthquake and what we should do in the event of a major earthquake. Be sure to read through the manual and always carry it with you.

[Let's carry this manual in your wallet or commuter pass holder.]

2020

Earthquake! Stay calm and act sensibly!!

What to do?

- Instructors who are in class at the time of the earthquake should stay calm and follow the instructions in the "Initial response manual for earthquakes."
- When it becomes necessary to leave or evacuate, the teaching staff and university personnel shall provide instructions to the students over the emergency
- Do not act alone, but work in groups if possible.

When evacuating...

- Do not use the elevators, use the stairs.
- Stay away from dangerous areas.
- If there is a fire, wrap a wet towel or handkerchief around your mouth to avoid inhaling smoke.

Campus safety activities

- Report the safety of students and personnel to the immediate manager and relevant faculty.
- •When the aftershocks have ended and it is deemed safe to start activities
- 1) Follow the instructions given by the emergency broadcasting system and act calmly.
- 2) Members of the emergency task force and campus fire-fighting team shall perform their respective duties. 3) The campus fire-fighting team should wait in a safe place
- until they receive instructions from headquarters and cooperate with safety activities on campus, if required. 4) Personnel other than those above should wait in a safe place and cooperate with safety activities on campus if their assistance is needed.
- * Information on how to confirm the safety of students and personnel t-earthquake measures the University will take and resumption of classes, will be posted on Toyo's website.
- [University web site address] http://www.toyo.ac.jp/

What to do when an earthquake strikes

STEP1

- ◆Do not panic and rush outside.
- ◆Get under a table to protect yourself.
- Move away from windows, bookshelves, etc.
- Protect yourself from broken glass fragments and other scattered debris.
- ♦Open a door or window to secure an exit.

When you are using gas or a fire breaks out

- ◆Turn off the gas as soon as the shaking starts.
- Extinguish any fires as soon as they break out.

STEP2

- Follow the instructions of emergency broadcasts, etc
- * These instructions are also posted in each classroom.

Precautions

- Make yourself familiar with escape routes and evacuation sites. Learn how to use a fire extinguisher.
- Do not place luggage in corridors, passages or other escape routes.
- Take measures to prevent furniture from falling over or moving.
- Determine in advance how to communicate with family members in
- Confirm your route home and how long it will take.
- Be sure to participate in fire drills.

Someone has fainted! What to do?

*Continue following the respiratory tract, compressi the chest and AED procedures until you can find signs of life or the person can breath normally, or leave these procedures to the rescue team.

First, check if they are conscious.

- Can they respond when called? Can they talk?
- Can they move their limbs?
- Do they react to pain?

If unconscious

- Do not shake the person or force them to sit.
- to free the airways and In a loud voice, ask people enable the person to breathe nearby to call 119 and to bring an AED.
- If breathing has stopped...

Immediately perform airway management

If anything is blocking the mouth, remove it immediately and wipe away blood or saliva.

What to do?



Alert people around you to the presence

If you cannot use your voice, bang

Hit the fire alarm or alarm bell.

something that will make a noise.

of a fire

if available

possible.

Cover your

smoke

mouth with a

wet towel or

handkerchief

to avoid inhaling

Smoke is more

dangerous than fire!!

When evacuating through

Keep as low a posture as



When evacuating...

Do not worry about your

clothing or belongings, but

evacuate as soon as you

Cover your body with a wet

sick people if you can.

vourself

sheet or blanket to protect

Perform airway management

* Methods for performing airway management, compressing the chest and how to use an AED are described on the next page

Check

surroundinas.

Move to a

safe area.

If massive

bleeding.

Immediately stop

the bleeding

In the event of fire, illness or injury, call the ambulance/fire service Call 119

Japanese words used in an emergency

危ない (Abunai)	Watch out. It's dangerous.
逃げて(Nigete)	Get away from here.
避難してください (Hinanshitekudasai)	Please evacuate from here.
震源 (Shingen)	Seismic source — the place where a land-based earthquake occurred
余震 (Yoshin)	After-shocks — earthquakes that continue after a big earthquake
警報 (Keihō)	Warning — a warning when a large-scale disaster is likely to occur
注意報(Chūihō)	Advisory — a notice to alert people to a possible disaster

Personal details for emergencies

Teaching staff number

Name

Address

Nationality; native language

Contact details in Japan

Emergency contact details in home country

Tel. no. of embassy in Japan

Chronic diseases

Regularly taken medications

Allergies * Fill in using an indelible ink pen.

Initial response manual for earthquakes

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Earthquake

Instructor [During class]

Tell the students to follow STEP 1 in "What to do when an earthquake strikes."

[Outside class]

Follow STEP 1 in "What to do when an earthquake strikes.'

* Wait until the shaking stops.

[Members of the campus fire-fighting team]

As soon as the shaking stops. the team leader should set up a task force to check the situation and take the necessary steps.

[Personnel who are not members of the campus fire-fighting team] Such personnel should follow the instructions listed in the section "What to do when an earthquake strikes." If you find students around the reception

area, instruct them to protect themselves. * In an earthquake with a seismic intensity of 5-lower ① Most people feel fear and will want to grab onto something to brace themselves @ Furniture that has not been secured will move and unstable objects will fall over. @ Roads will also suffer damage.

Carefully check the manual and remain calm to secure the safety of your students.

broadcasting

Members of the

eam will discuss

buildings, for

campus fire-fightin



Use the emergency Determine that evacuation is instructions to the not necessary. fire-fighting team.

Instruct staff and students to remain in safe areas through the broadcasting system.

Determine that 'evacuation is necessary." eam starts activities in their respective

Provide information on where the evacuation sites are through the emaergency broadcasting system. Staff

the campus y team: Start acuation guidan

of t ng eva

Members fire-fightir providing e

How to use a fire extinguisher 1 Remove the safety pin

in front of fire. 2 Hold the front end of the hose and point it at the fire.

3 Strongly squeeze the upper lever and lower lever of the fire extinguisher hard to discharge the extinguisher.



Disaster checklist

Advance preparations and items you should

carry on you at att times			
Passport	PET bottles of water or tea		
Money (including small change)	Chocolate, candy		
	□ p. 1 (. 1)		

Rainwear (raincoat)

Indelible ink pen

Sanitary napkins

Spare batteries

radio

Candles

Lighters

☐ Hand crank emergency

Disposable hand warmers

Face masks

and prescriptions

Regularly taken medications

Contact lens accessories

Health insurance certificate USB cable for mobile phone Identification Polyethylene plastic bags (drivers license, etc.) for rubbish

 Towels, handkerchief Adhesive plaster

Address book laddresses of family and friends)

Tissue paper and wet tissue

Aluminum thermal foil sheet Help children.and old and

Other necessary emergency accessories

Backpack Sneakers Slippers

☐ Jackets, underwear, socks

☐ Toilet articles Cotton gloves

■ Toilet paper String, rope ☐ Flashlight

☐ Food and water for emergencies Can opener and Scissors

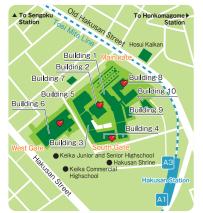
■ Table-top gas cooker

Hakusan Campus

: Location of AED equipment The location of evacuation sites will be announced over the broadcast system.

Contact address in emergencies (reception in Building 2)

€03-3945-7220



Kawagoe Campus

: Location of AED equipment

🚵 : Evacuation site

Contact address in emergencies (South gate guard facility)

C049-239-1301



Asaka Campus

- : Location of AED equipment
- 🎎 : Evacuation site

Contact address in emergencies (Lecture Building reception)

C048-468-6601



Itakura Campus

: Location of AED equipment

🎎 : Evacuation site

Contact address in emergencies (reception in Building 1)

¢0276-82-9100



Akabanedai Campus

: Location of AED equipment 🎎 : Evacuation site

Contact address in emergencies (reception)

C03-5924-2617



Disaster information collection

"Safety tips" notifies a user with Earthquake Early Warnings, Tsunami Warnings, Volcanic Warnings, Weather Warnings, Heat illness Warnings and Civil Protection Information issued in Japan. It is a free application developed under the supervision of Japan Tourism Agency.

The Application provides various functions useful for foreign tourists in Japan. The application is available in 12 languages: English, simplified and traditional Chinese, Korean, Spanish, Portuguese, Tagalog, Indonesian, Vietnamese, Nepali, Thai, and Japanese.



How to contact your family and friends

Prior registration is required! (Test beforehand)

Disaster message board services provided by mobile carriers

Disaster message board services make it possible for mobile phone users to confirm the safety of family and relatives (who have recorded a message) in the event of a major disaster.

The service includes features for notifying by mail family and friends whose mail addresses have been registered beforehand. This information can also be accessed via the Internet.



Information posted by the University

The University will post information as follows. Since information will be updated continuously, make sure you have the latest information.

①TOYO UNIVERSITY web site http://www.tovo.ac.ip/



@ TOYO UNIVERSITY's Twitter account name @Toyo Uni https://twitter.com/Toyo Uni

* Information will be posted on Twitter only in the event of emergencies that affect the entire university.

It may not be possible to reach campus emergency contact numbers during a disaster. First, use the above sites to obtain information from the university.

Emergency support stations for those attempting to return home during a disaster

During a major disaster, most means of public transport may be suspended making it difficult for people to return to their homes or forcing them to walk home. "Emergency support stations" will be set up to help such people. Convenience stores and gas stations along major roads will provide water, toilet facilities, information on roads still usable and temporary resting places.

* Shops that have been damaged in the earthquake or that are located in areas that are deemed unsafe may not be able to provide such support.



(!) When J-Alert warnings are issued…

The Japanese government will use the nationwide instant warning system (J-Alert) to distribute emergency information in case of an event that must be dealt with immediately, such as an earthquake, tsunami, and the launch of a ballistic missile.

If an alert is about the launch of a ballistic missile...

Evacuate to a nearby sturdy building or If you are outdoors underground area. Hide behind anything that might offer protection or lie face-down on the ground to protect your head. Move as far away from windows as If you are indoors possible or go to a room with no windows.

General Sports Center

: Location of AED equipment

🎎 : Evacuation site

Contact address in emergencies (reception)

C03-6454-3340

